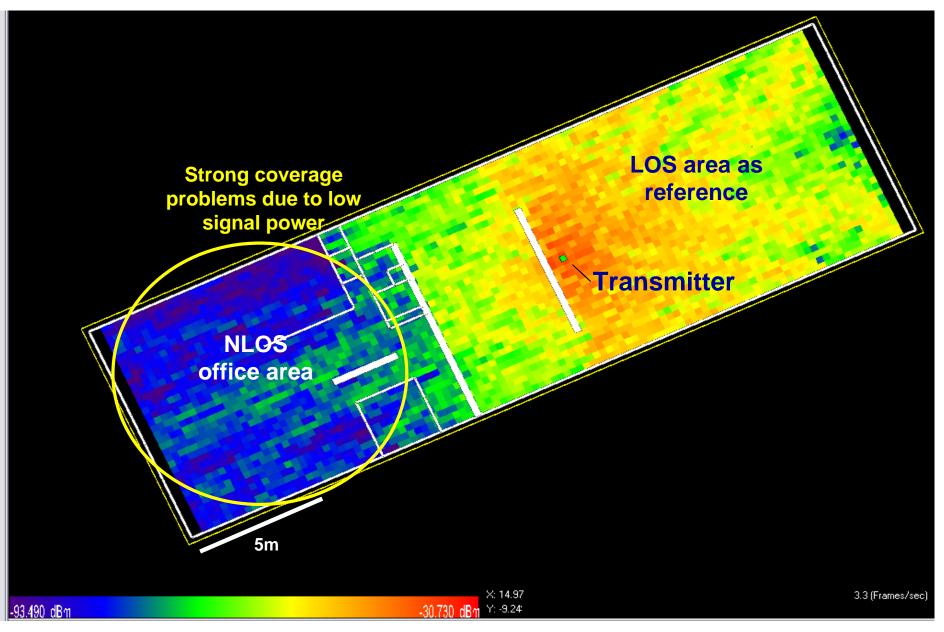


Enhanced Performance by Sub-1 GHz WSN Solutions based on IEEE 802.15.4-2006

PSSS enhancement of IEEE 802.15.4-2006 PHYs Wireless trends Typical Office Environment IEEE 802.15.4 Transceiver 2.4 GHz, 250 kbps Received Power in dBm

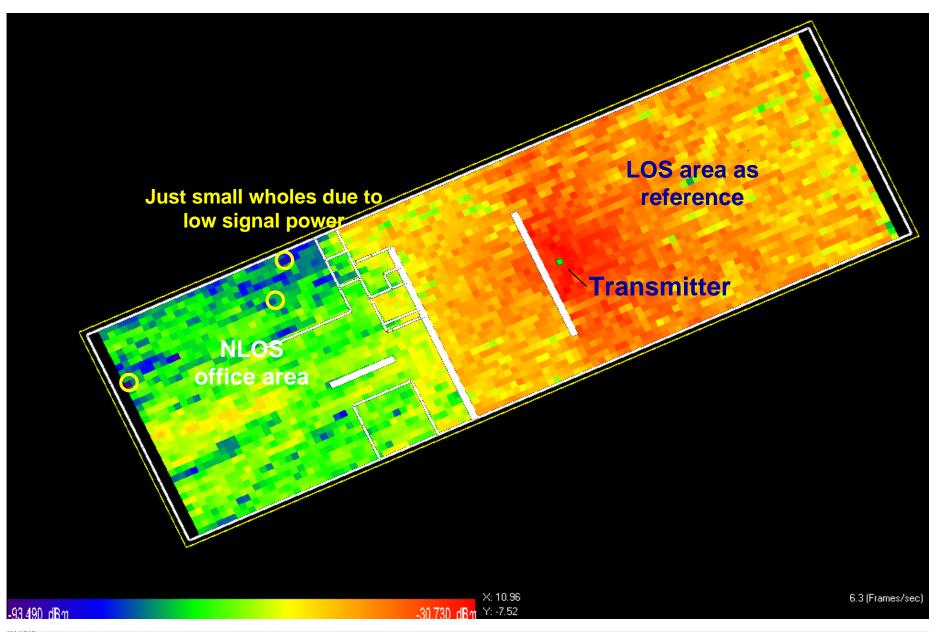




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Typical Office Environment IEEE 802.15.4V2006 Transceiver Sub 1 GHz, 250 kbps Received Power in dBm

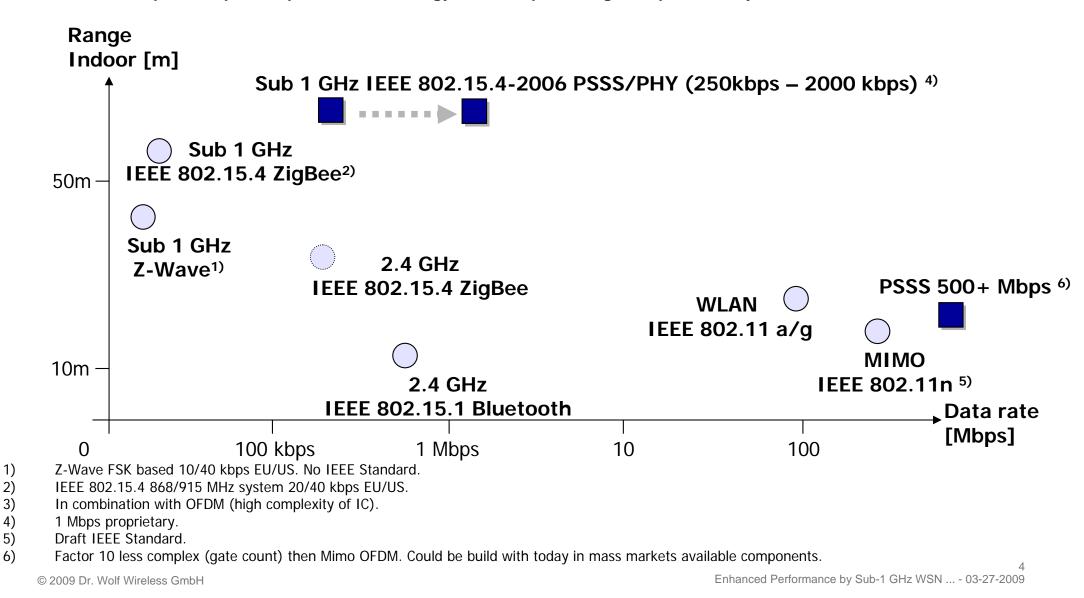






IEEE standards Data rate vs. range

IEEE802.15.4-2006 PSSS/PHY solution improves existing wireless IC solutions from 20 kbps to 250 kbps – with performance modes up to 1000 kbps and even more. Avoids Interference to 2.4 GHz devices (WLAN, Bluetooth). PSSS - Parallel Sequence Spread Spectrum technology is developed and global patented by DWW.





Summary – Situation & Trends in short range wireless

- **IEEE802.11 will expand from wireless LAN to AV / CE applications** 2.4 GHz will continue to be the dominant RF band in most markets.
- WLAN interference is accepted as a REAL concern Sub-1-GHz standards provide winning alternatives to use of 2.4 GHz.
- Don't expect ZigBee to succeed in the market –

But 802.15.4 and especially IEEE802.15.4-2006 (PSSS-PHY) will find their markets in industrial & commercial spaces.

- Expect that TCP/IP will play a major role in sensor networks IPSO and IETF will dwarf all other TCP/IP related groups / attempts.
- Z-Wave is a major player in home control It will not loose against today's competitors – but it neither has won the game yet against new competitors.
- Bluetooth will continue to be big around the mobile phone But who needs the various other Bluetooth variants?.
- Watch out for low power WLAN in the future However, don't be mislead by marketing into unrealistic expectations.
- Energy harvesting demands low energy consumption for data transmission However, again don't be mislead by marketing into unrealistic expectations.



Thank You

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